Table 1. Squaw Creek watersneu Snapsnot Sampning Results – May 17, 2014.										
	Unit	Math	ad	# of	Min Mahar	Percentiles		Max Value		
		Metho		samples	Min Value		25th	50th	75th	
Water Temperature	deg	rees F	The	ermometer - Field	30	45	48	50	52	72
pH	pH	units	IOWATER test strip		30	7	7	8	8	9
Dissolved Oxygen	m	ng/L	IOWATER test strip		30	6	8	10	12	12
Nitrite-N	m	g/L IOW		WATER test strip	30	0	0	0	0	0.15
Nitrate-N	m	mg/L		WATER test strip	30	0	10	10	20	20
Orthophosphorus	hophosphorus n			OWATER Field Kit	30	0	0	0.2	0.6	5
Chloride	m	ng/L	IOWATER test strip		30	31	32	37	97	268
Transparency	nsparency cent		IOWATER transparency tube		30	10	14	60	60	60
E. coli Bacteria	MPN/100 ml		I	OWATER method	29	0	200	367	800	7,133

Table 1. Squaw	<b>Creek Watersh</b>	ed Snapshot Sa	mpling Results -	– May 17, 2014.

mg/L = milligrams per liter (or parts per million - ppm);  $\mu g/L = micrograms$  per liter (or parts per billion) MPN/100 ml = Most Probable Number per 100 milliliters of water

During May 2014, a total of 76 streams were sampled statewide as part of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources monthly stream monitoring program. Results from this statewide sampling provide perspective for any snapshot events conducted in May. Median levels from the May 2014 statewide sampling were as follows: water temperature -54 degrees F; pH -8.1; dissolved oxygen -10.4 mg/L; chloride -22 mg/L; nitrate+nitrite-N -8.1 mg/L; total phosphate -0.23 mg/L; *E. coli* bacteria -80 MNP/100 ml.